IPv6 support in the DNS



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IPv6DISSemination and Exploitation

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Prerequisites

- You should have followed previously the modules:
 - IPv6 Introduction
 - IPv6 Protocol
 - IPv6 Addressing
 - IPv6 Associated Protocols



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Agenda

- How important is the DNS?
- DNS Resource Lookup
- DNS Extensions for IPv6
- Lookups in an IPv6-aware DNS Tree
- About Required IPv6 Glue in DNS Zones
- The Two Approaches to the DNS
- DNS IPv6-capable software
- IPv6 DNS and root servers
- DNSv6 Operational Requirements & Recommendations



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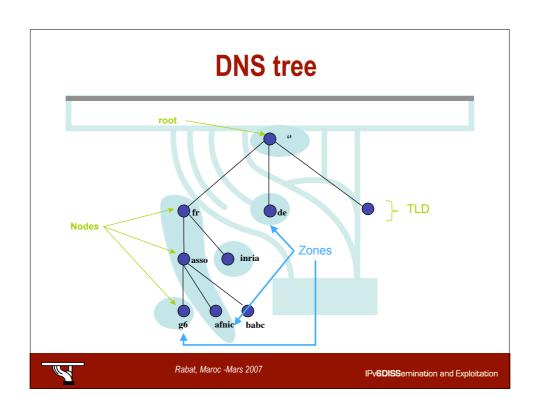
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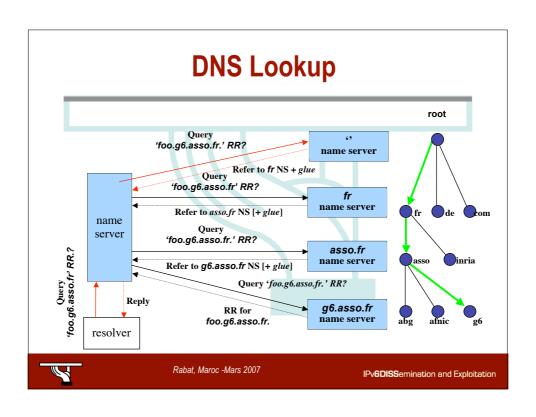
How important is the DNS?

- Getting the IP address of the remote endpoint is necessary for every communication between TCP/IP applications
- Humans are unable to memorize millions of IP addresses (specially IPv6 addresses)
- To a larger extent: the Domain Name System (DNS) provides applications with several types of resources (domain name servers, mail exchangers, reverse lookups, ...) they need
- · DNS design
 - hierarchy
 - distribution
 - redundancy



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DNS Extensions for IPv6 RFC 1886 → RFC 3596 (upon successful interoperability tests)

AAAA : forward lookup ('Name IPv6 → Address'):

Equivalent to 'A' record

Example: ns3.nic.fr.

IN

192.134.0.49

IN AAAA 2001:660:3006:1::1:1

PTR : reverse lookup ('IPv6 Address → Name'):
Reverse tree equivalent to in-addr.arpa

New tree: ip6.arpa (under deployment)
Former tree: ip6.int (deprecated)

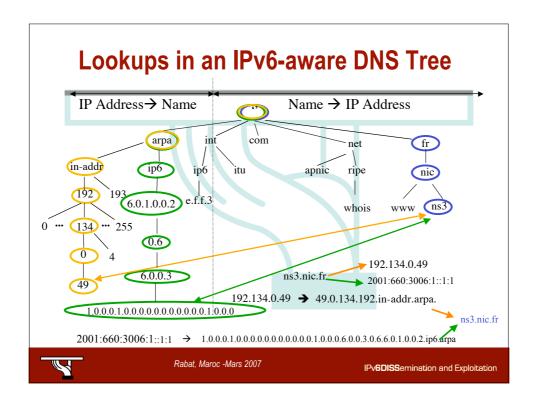
Example:

\$ORIGIN 1.0.0.0.6.0.0.3.0.6.6.0.1.0.0.2.ip6.arpa.

1.0.0.0.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 PTR ns3.nic.fr.



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About Required IPv6 Glue in DNS Zones

When the DNS zone is delegated to a DNS server (among others) contained in the zone itself

IPv4 glue (A 192.108.119.134) is required to reach rhadamanthe over IPv4 transport IPv6 glue (AAAA 2001:660:7301:1::1) is required to reach rhadamanthe over IPv6 transport



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IPv6 DNS and root servers

- DNS root servers are critical resources!
- 13 roots « around » the world (#10 in the US)
- Not all the 13 servers already have IPv6 enabled and globally reachable via IPv6.
- Need for (mirror) root servers to be installed in other locations (EU, Asia, Africa, ...)
- New technique : anycast DNS server
 - To build a clone from the master/primary server
 - Containing the same information (files)
 - Using the same IP address
- · Such anycast servers have already begun to be installed :
 - F root server: Ottawa, Paris(Renater), Hongkong, Lisbon (FCCN)...
 - M root server: Tokyo (WIDE), Paris (Renater), ...
 - Look at http://www.root-servers.org for the complete and updated list.



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The Two Approaches to the DNS

- The DNS seen as a Database
 - Stores different types of Resource Records (RR): SOA, NS, A, AAAA, MX, SRV, PTR, ...
- => DNS data is independent of the IP version (v4/v6) the DNS server is running on!
- The DNS seen as an IP application
 - The service is accessible in either transport modes (UDP/TCP) and over either IP versions (v4/v6)
- => Information given over both IP versions MUST BE CONSISTENT!



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DNS IPv6-capable software

- BIND (Resolver & Server)
 - http://www.isc.org/products/BIND/
 - BIND 9 (avoid older versions)
- On Unix distributions
 - Resolver Library (+ (adapted) BIND)
- NSD (authoritative server only)
 - http://www.nlnetlabs.nl/nsd/
- Microsoft Windows (Resolver & Server)





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DNSv6 Operational Requirements & Recommendations

- The target today IS NOT the transition from an IPv4-only to an IPv6-only environment
- How to get there?
 - Start by testing DNSv6 on a small network and get your own conclusion that DNSv6 is harmless, but remember:
 - The server (host) must support IPv6
 - And DNS server software must support IPv6
 - Deploy DNSv6 in an incremental way on existing networks
 - DO NOT BREAK something that works fine (production IPv4 DNS)!



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TLDs and IPv6



- One of IANA's functions is the DNS top-level delegations
- Changes in TLDs (e.g ccTLDs) has to be approved and activated by IANA
- Introduction of IPv6-capable nameservers at ccTLDs level has to be made through IANA



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TLDs and IPv6 #2

How many servers supporting a domain should carry AAAA records?

- Usually conservative approaches
- One or two servers
- Don't use long server names.
 - 1024 bytes limit in DNS responses
 - Some ccTLDs had to renamed their servers (same philosophy used by root servers)



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TLDs and IPv6 #3

- 17/04/2005
 - 4 TLDs (.AEROS, .NET, .COM, .INT)
 - 42 ccTLDs
- · European: About half already glued
- Servers: 35 different ones, worldwide



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