



Connect. Communicate. Collaborate

European NRENs & GÉANT2: Next Generation Network Advances in Hybrid Switching & IPv6 Routing

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NRENs – GÉANT: A European Success Story



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Some factors

- Century old Telecom (+ 40 years from the ARPAnet to the Internet) experience: Proven "Network Externalities" → Sharing tradition
- Industry needs for Next Generation Network proofs of concept, synergy with R&E community
 → the ARPAnet paradigm from the US of America to the "US of Europe"
- Foresight of National + EU funding authorities
- A decade (+) of success in serving R&E needs of the Continent → Easing "digital divides" & involving powerful education communities: educators, students, pupils (e-Schools + e-Public_Sector?)
- Solidarity human networking of NREN community
- Stable Governance: NRENs, NREN PC + {Exec, DANTE, TERENA}
- Global outreach





The NREN PC



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Austria (ACOnet)

Belgium (BELNET)

Bulgaria (ISTF)

Croatia (CARNet)

Czech Republic (CESNET)

Cyprus (CYNET)

Germany (DFN)

Estonia (EENet)

France (RENATER)

Greece (GRNET)

Hungary (HUNGARNET)

Ireland (HEANet)

Israel (IUCC)

Italy (GARR)

Latvia (LATNET)

Lithuania (LITNET)

Luxembourg (RESTENA)

Malta (UoM)

Netherlands (SURFNET)

Nordic Countries - Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway,

Sweden (NORDUNET)

Poland (PSNC)

Portugal (FCCN)

Romania (RoEduNet)

Russia (JSCC)

Slovakia (SANET)

Slovenia (ARNES)

Spain (RedIRIS)

Switzerland (SWITCH)

Turkey (ULAKBIM)

United Kingdom (UKERNA)

PLUS NON-VOTING MEMBERS:

Delivery of Advanced Network Technologies to Europe

Ltd. (DANTE)

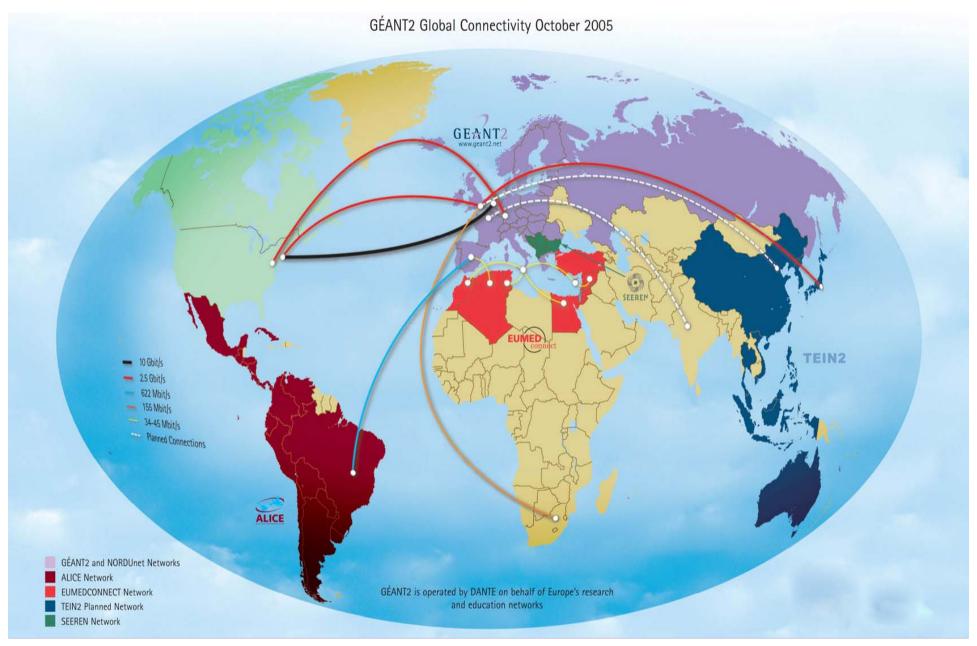
Trans-European Research & Education Networking

Association (TERENA)

PERMANENT OBSERVERS: CERN, AMREJ, MARNET











e-IRG Recommendation on Hybrid Networking & GÉANT

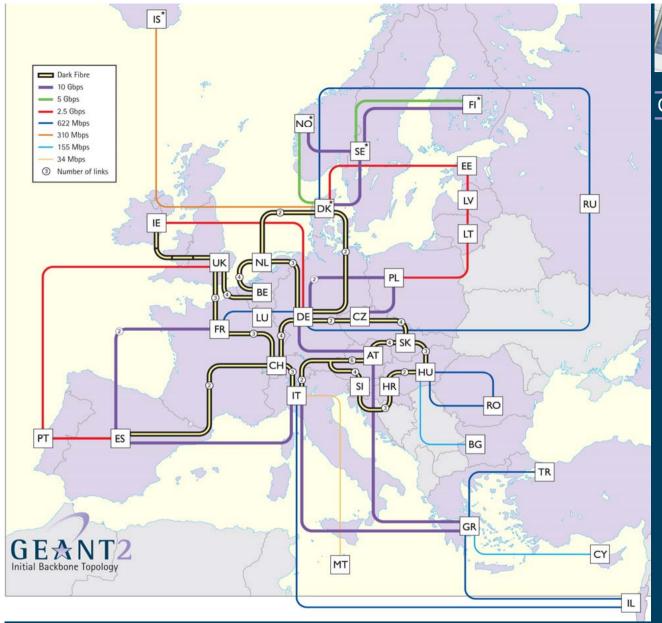


"The e-IRG stresses the importance of flexibly configurable, reliable end-to-end optical provision to European researchers and e-Science projects. This service should co-exist with routed IP connectivity and follow the three tier hierarchical European paradigm: Campus LAN, NREN and Pan-European GÉANT network"

Den Haag, 19/11/2004









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GÉANT2 Topology

15+ NRENs interconnected within the Dark Fibre (DF) "cloud"

Rest, via leased "lambda" and SDH circuits





Provision of end-to-end (e2e) Services to *e-Science* Initiatives



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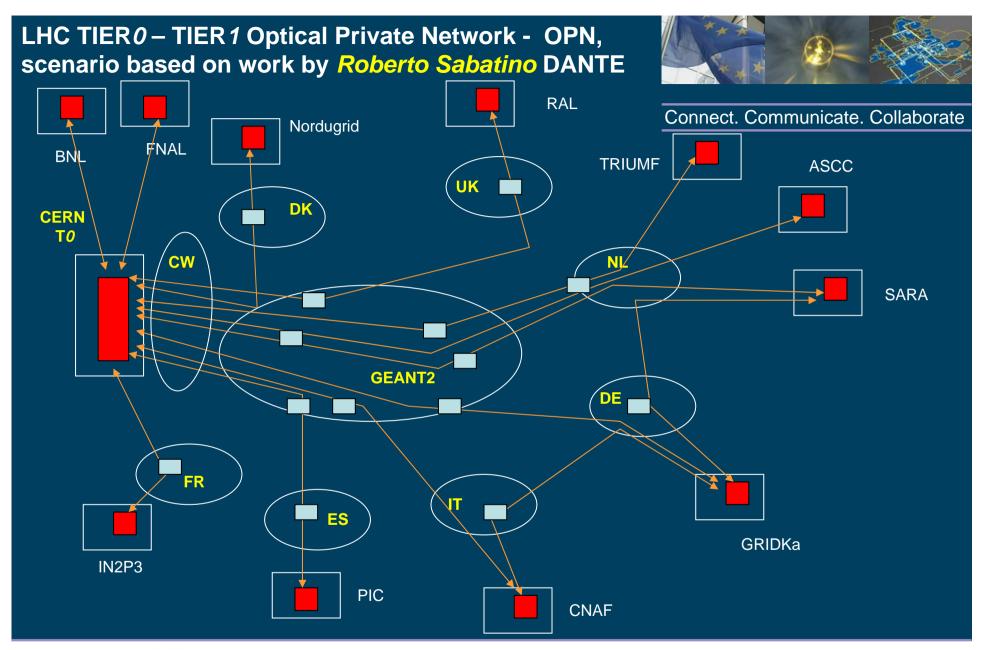
- Up to now: Packet Switched IP (Layer 3) & MPLS Managed Bandwidth Services VPNs
- From now on the hybrid NREN GÉANT2 service model also enables:
 - Layer 2 Switched e2e circuits (e.g.1 GigE) involving GÉANT2 facilities (local circuits provided by NRENs & Campuses)
 - 10 Gig Optical Private Networks (OPNs) configured for large e-Science projects using GÉANT2 DWDM & NREN - Campus lightpaths
- Pricing of additional e2e lightpaths: Incremental costing of GÉANT2 Dark Fibre, charged to projects via hosting NRENs, Global extensions (if possible) under similar terms
- Planning based on common understanding and "accurate" prediction of requirements (bandwidth, availability, delay, jitter ...)
- Who, how and to what extend provisions, manages, monitors, charges, absorbs the costs, undertakes risks in a multi-domain network of HPC GRID resources?

{Large Hadron Collider - LHC Computing Grid T0 to T1, EGEE, DEISA, eVLBI} + {NRENs, GÉANT2, DANTE}

pave the way & uncover hidden issues (technical & managerial)





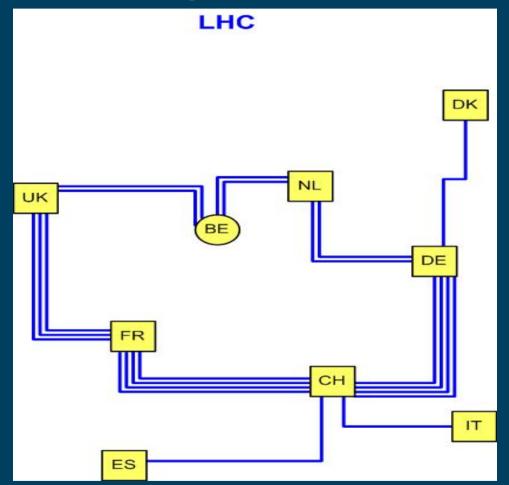






LHC Lightwave Assignment on GÉANT2 Backbone

Hans Döbbeling, DANTE



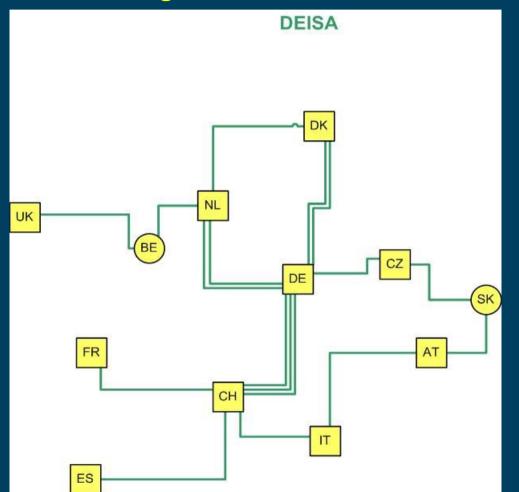






DEISA Lightwave Assignment on GÉANT2 Backbone

Hans Döbbeling, DANTE

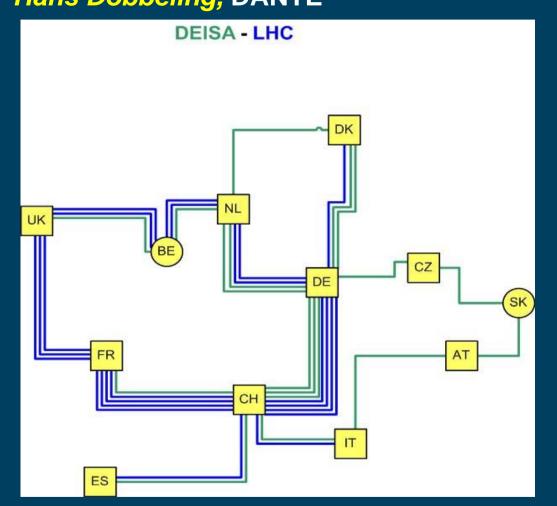








LHC + DEISA Lightwave Assignment on GÉANT2 Backbone Hans Döbbeling, DANTE

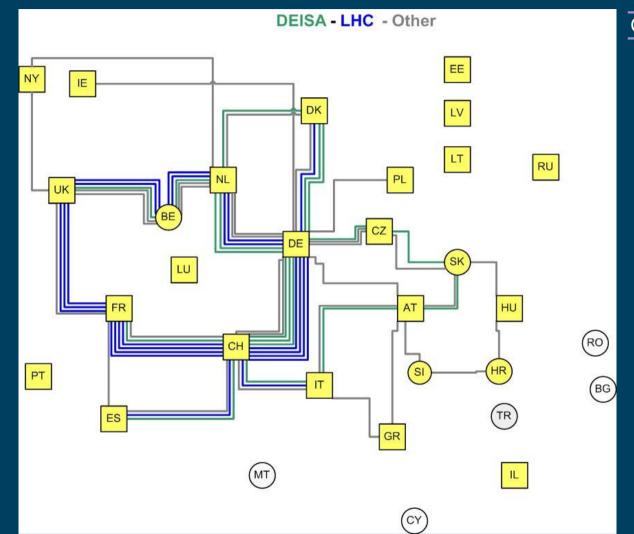








A view of the future: OPNs on GÉANT2 Backbone, *Hans Döbbeling*, DANTE









Challenges for NRENs - GÉANT as e-Infrastructures



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Business Model Issues

- Long-term investment, e.g. Dark Fiber leasing vs. IRUs?
- From a hierarchical PS provision (aka. ISP tier1 → tier2) to a PS/CS Hybrid network with cross border fiber provisions: *Management, Control, Cost Sharing*
- Connecting to Open Exchanges (L1 L3), AUPs
- Inclusion of schools, public libraries ... e-Government. Market competition & regulatory issues ? (SERENATE study → Earnest)
- Security & AAA harmonization *legal issues towards a US of Europe!*
- Governance structure in Europe
 - NREN PC sets policy & forges unity of 34+ NRENs
 - Executive Committee guides detailed project roll-out
 - Roles of DANTE & TERENA
- The US experience: Internet2 NLR merger?
- Global connectivity services to end-users: Projects, individuals
- e-Infrastructures as an equalizer, reducing the DIGITAL DIVIDES in Europe
 & Globally: Big Science affordable via Virtual e-Science





Challenges for NRENs - GÉANT as e-Infrastructures (cont.)



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Multi-domain Hybrid Network Management & Control

- Data: 40 Gig, framing, granularity, multicasting ...
- Multi-domain Optical Control
 - Extending "BGP" to L1-L2 routing across domains
 - Ubiquitous addressing at protocol levels below L3, promise of IPv6
 - Integrate within Distributed Computing (Grid) middleware functionality
- Multi-domain Management e2e Provisioning:
 - Scheduling, automated e2e set-up in near real-time
 - Coordination across domains with high-end user feedback
 - Coordination of e-Infrastructure Resource Allocation, Monitoring & Control: NRENs, GÉANT2, Distributed Computing Middleware – Grids, Supercomputing Centers
- Consolidate AAI (AAA) Architectures into federated schemes for global e-Infrastrucures





Challenges for NRENs - GÉANT as e-Infrastructures (cont.)



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Virtualization at all levels

- Optical Private Networks (OPNs)
- L2, L3 VPNs (VLANs, VPLS, MPLS/TE)
- Application level Overlays (PlanetLab....)
- Virtualization enables co-existence of Production Quality Networks for Research & Testbeds for Research on Networks
- Strong interaction with industry on testbed deployment & experimentation value adding by European researchers
- Coordination of European (Campus/NREN/GÉANT2) with Global Testbed activities (e.g. US NSF - GENI funded)





Choice of IPv6 for Addressing & Routing



- Use IPv6 protocols & technologies for the routed part of the NREN - GEANT backbones (+ management of distributed storage & processing resources, Grids?)
- Use IPv6 for large IP overlays, e.g. school nets, student home access (DSL)
- Use IPv6 advanced features for end-user configuration (DHCP+), multicasting & roaming user support (AAI, digital libraries, VPN provisioning....)
- Use IPv6 addresses for all Network Elements (?):
 Ubiquitous, universal 128 bit choice in a Hybrid Global Network





IPv6 @ a glance



- IPv6 Address: 128 bits
 - GÉANT Address Space → 2001:798::/32
- Allows for routable addresses for "everything"
 - IP phones, 3G devices, sensors, personal devices, appliances ...
- Easy way of end-system configuration
 - IP address auto-configuration: address_prefix:f(MAC_address)
 - Enhanced DHCP parameter passing: NTP, SMPT, SIP ... servers (in addition to IP address, GW, DNS)
 - DHCP prefix delegation assign multiple addresses to a client
- Better support of mobility
 - Multiple IPv6 addresses per interface, associated with multiple networks
- Multi-homing potential
- Security
 - Mandatory *IPSec* support (optional use)
 - Might open unknown network security hazards (new technology)
- Multicasting:
 - Specific multicast groups (e.g. all routers in an Ethernet LAN)
 - Embedded Rendezvous Points selected at session initiation
- QoS Flow Label in header allows easy packet differentiation (not in use yet)





IPv6 in Europe - GÉANT



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IPv6 deployment

- April 2003: First pilots, Rediris (SPAIN) and Renater (FRANCE)
- May 2003: IPv6 connection to Abilene (USA)
- June 2003: IPv6 connections to SINET (JAPAN)
- July 2003: IPv6 Connection to Canarie (CANADA)
- Commercial networks: Telia (May 2003), Global Crossing (July 2003)
- October 2003: Operational support in GÉANT
- January 2005: IPv6 Multicast
- June 2006: 53/41TBytes incoming / outgoing traffic

Operational issues

- Similar policy (peering, AUPs) for IPv4 and IPv6 traffic
- Similar service levels for IPv4 and IPv6
- IPv6 traffic monitoring tools (packet filters, BGP session monitoring ...)

Network

- Dual stack (native IPv6) backbone network
- Support of BGP and ISIS





GÉANT IPv6 Connectivity & Peering



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European NRENs

- ACONET, ARNES, BELNET, CARNET, CERN, CESNET, CYNET, DFN, EENET, FCCN, GARR, GRNET, HEAnet, HUNGARNET, IUCC, ISTF, JANET, LITNET, NORDUnet, PSNC, RedIRIS, RENATER, RESTENA, RoEduNet, SANET, SURFnet, SWITCH, ULAKNET, University of Malta
- All but three connected via native IPv6 links

International

- Abilene, CANARIE, ESnet, RedCLARA, TEIN2
- SINET, APAN-KR via RENATER (FRANCE)
- Commercial: Telia





Access Ports			Speed	IPv6 Transmitted To GEANT2			IPv6 Received From GEANT2			Traffic Asymmetry	Max. Load
			oheen			Volume	Average Peak Volu			See	See
			Mbps	Mbps	Mbps	Gbytes	Mbps	Mbps	Gbytes	Appendix	Appendix
GÉANT2 Primary											
ACONET	⇔	ΑT	10,000	0.04	0.90	12.15	0.02	2.00	6.74	0.29	0.00%
BELNET	\Leftrightarrow	NL	10,000	36.61	49.99	11862.13	10.91	16.79	3534.35	0.54	0.37%
CESNET	\Leftrightarrow	CZ	10,000	0.57	14.50	186.24	0.10	23.60	31.27	0.71	0.01%
CYNET	\Leftrightarrow	GR	155								
DFN	\Leftrightarrow	DE	10,000	0.37	23.70	120.30	0.09	21.99	27.93	0.62	0.00%
EENET	\Leftrightarrow	Œ	1,000								
FCCN	\Leftrightarrow	PT	2,500	0.76	5.87	245.82	0.41	20.03	131.71	0.30	0.03%
GARR	\Leftrightarrow	IT	10,000	0.02	4.14	6.19	0.05	20.43	16.56	-0.46	0.00%
GRNET	\Leftrightarrow	GR	10,000	0.06	5.29	20.35	0.15	9.27	47.08	-0.40	0.00%
HEANET	\Leftrightarrow	IE	2,500	8.17	27.37	2648.34	1.57	20.36	509.39	0.68	0.33%
HUNGARNET	\Leftrightarrow	HU	10,000	0.02	1.81	5.09	0.04	13.36	13.71	-0.46	0.00%
ISTF	\Leftrightarrow	HU	155	0.00	0.14	0.58	0.01	1.75	2.88	-0.66	0.01%
IUCC	⇔	IL	620	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	-1.00	0.00%
JANET	\Leftrightarrow	UK	10,000	0.02	1.02	5.18	0.06	3.51	18.63	-0.56	0.00%
JSCC	\Leftrightarrow	DE	622								
LATNET	\Leftrightarrow	DK	155								
LATNET	\Leftrightarrow	LV	155								
LITNET	\Leftrightarrow	LT	1,000	0.05	2.80	16.49	0.25	7.80	81.32	-0.66	0.03%
MALTA	\Leftrightarrow	IT	20	0.00	0.25	0.16	0.01	6.06	2.17	-0.86	0.03%
NORDUNET	\Leftrightarrow	DK	10,000	20.83	41.40	6749.63	42.04	50.00	13620.73	-0.34	0.42%
PSNC	\Leftrightarrow	PL	10,000	4.82	9.68	1561.23	21.77	42.81	7053.38	-0.64	0.22%
REDIRIS	\Leftrightarrow	ES	10,000	0.04	14.56	13.74	0.03	6.63	8.10	0.26	0.00%
RENATER	\Leftrightarrow	FR	10,000	0.51	32.00	166.05	0.32	32.25	104.26	0.23	0.01%
RESTENA	\Leftrightarrow	LU	1,000	0.01	1.59	2.01	0.04	39.06	12.64	-0.73	0.00%
ROEDUNET 1	\Leftrightarrow	HU	622	0.01	0.44	3.99	0.21	11.75	69.53	-0.89	0.03%
ROEDUNET 2	\Leftrightarrow	HU	622	0.01	0.44	3.99	0.21	11.75	69.53	-0.89	0.03%
SURFNET	\Leftrightarrow	NL	10,000	42.91	50.00	13901.51	0.00	6.75	1.56	1.00	0.43%
SWITCH	\Leftrightarrow	CH	10,000	45.12	49.99	14619.30	35.99	50.00	11659.79	0.11	0.45%
ULAKBIM	\Leftrightarrow	GR	622	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	-1.00	0.00%



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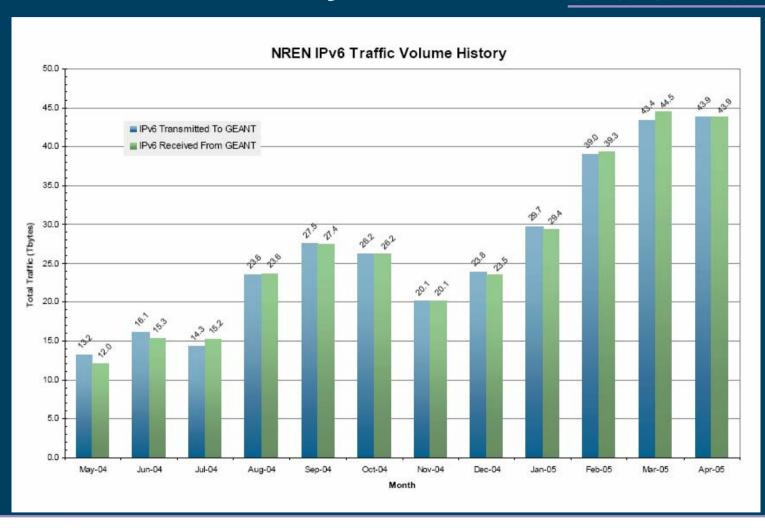
GÉANT – NREN Traffic Statistics 2006





GÉANT – NREN IPv6 Traffic History









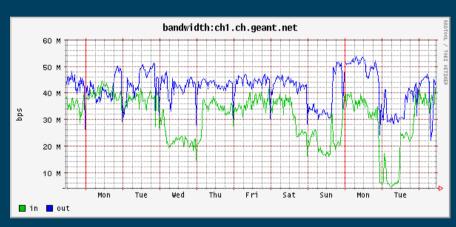
IPv6 vs IPv4 Traffic volume

GÉANT v6 traffic volume: 2% IPv6 of the total traffic

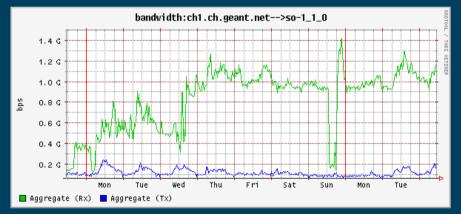


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IPv6 traffic statistics for SWITCH to/from GÉANT (April 2005)



IPv6 daily traffic stats for SWITCH access to GÉANT



Daily total traffic stats for SWITCH access into GÉANT





IPv6 Multicast in GÉANT



- Native Multicast IPv6 across GÉANT backbone
 - Pilot service ready since early 2005
 - Tested in 2004 in collaboration with Multicast v6 TF
 - Request for specific *mcast* v6 features from router vendors
- Several NRENs connected to the multicast IPv6 enabled core
 - 12 NRENs already connected 7 in native, rest in tunnels
 - Connectivity to M6bone via Renater (FRANCE)
 - Native connectivity to Abilene (USA)





IPv6 NREN Experience: GRNET



- IPv6-only test network since 2002 6NET
 - Connect Athens, Thessaloniki, Patra and Heraklion (Crete)
 - Validate protocols and routers functionality
- GRNET dual stack IPv6 network
 - GRNET2 since December 2003
 - Basic networking services, e.g. DNS, and monitoring
 - Gradual increase of IPv6 traffic towards GEANT, on average 50 GByte in 2006
- IPv6 support in Universities
 - 8 Universities active with native IPv6 connections
 - Services: Address allocation, native connectivity, servers, multicast, etc
- IPv6 deployment in Greek School Network
 - Dual stack core network + ADSL/WiFi native IPv6 access for 150 schools
 - Plan smooth migration IPv6









- **SEEREN2** (South Eastern Europe)
 - IPv6 interconnection services achieved
 - Monitoring infrastructure deployed.
- EumedConnect (Mediterranean Region, North Africa & Middle East)
 - Plans for deployment
- RedCLARA ALICE (Latin America)
- SILK (Caucasus & Central Asia)
 - IPv6 Streaming over Satellite





Conclusion



- NRENs GÉANT2 are leading edge hybrid optical network eInfrastructures
- Global IPv6 coverage: Accomplished in NRENs GÉANT2, still small penetration to end users
- Major issues:
 - Multi-domain management & control of e2e circuit & packet switched services, integrated within distributed computing - Grid middleware
 - Deploy federated value added services (AAI, roaming, user support...)
 - Provision ubiquitous e2e/VPN services at Layers 1 (OPN), 2 (GigE), 3 (IPv6)
 - Enable advanced services to the Global Research & Education Community
 - Evolve sustainable business models & Governance structure
 - Expand electronic scientific & educational collaboration, virtualize big science → Ease Digital Divides



